

This protocol gives advice to schools on good practice issues related to the management of pupils who find themselves needing to prepare for teenage parenthood. It is not a guide to Sex and Relationship Education for which other policies and guidance exist.

Background

“Britain has the highest rate of teenage pregnancy in Europe. The Government aims to:

- Reduce the rate of teenage conceptions, with a specific aim of halving the rate of conceptions among those under 18 by 2010.
- Increase the participation of teenage parents into education, training or employment, to reduce their risk of long term social exclusion.

Locally, in West Berkshire we have a target of reducing the rates of teenage conceptions among the under 18 age group by 40% by 2010.

In 2001, West Berkshire’s conception rates were as follows: there were 85 under 18 conceptions and 13 under 16 conceptions. Of the under 18 conceptions 38 were terminated.

“The LEA therefore has an important role in the local teenage pregnancy strategy through supporting the education of pregnant girls and school age parents.” **(DFES)**.

Recent research highlights that teenage mothers complete their education early, are more likely to be alone, have poorer employment prospects and become dependent on welfare subsidies. Their children may also be disadvantaged.

Good practice in the educational management and support of young parents can offset these disadvantages and maximise life opportunities.

What are your legal responsibilities?

Information from the Police (Child Protection Unit) confirms that, despite recent changes to the law regarding sexual offending (Sexual Offences Act 2003), 16 is still the critical age. Each case is taken on individual merit, including respective ages of those involved, emotional maturity and any breach of trust. Penalties will be greater where one party is over 18 or the child concerned is under 13 years of age. The new guidance states that there is no intention to reprimand, warn or prosecute under sixteens where the relationship is entirely mutually agreed and non-exploitative. Children aged thirteen years and under are considered of insufficient age to give consent to sexual activity. For this reason, all cases of children aged thirteen and under believed to be or have been engaged in penetrative sexual activity must be referred to Children's Social Services.

Schools should refer to West Berkshire's Confidentiality Policy and Guidance Document 2004.

Schools must be absolutely clear about the boundaries of their legal and professional roles and responsibilities. A clear and explicit Confidentiality Policy should ensure good practice throughout the school which pupils, parents, teachers and governors understand. Teachers cannot offer or guarantee absolute confidentiality.

Schools should ensure that they are familiar with the procedures set out in the DfEE documents:

- Child Protection Circular **10/95** "Protecting Children from Abuse: The Role of the Education Service".
- "Working Together to Safeguard Children" Joint guidance by DfEE and the Department of Health.
- Sex and Relationship Education Guidance **July 2000**

“A member of staff who finds out that a pupil is pregnant should ensure that the pupil receives full information about local family planning and support services, how to access them and the opportunity to talk through the options” (DfES).

When a young person tells a teacher that they are pregnant the teacher’s first professional responsibility must be the welfare of the girl. The teacher needs to be aware that the pupil may be suffering both emotional and physical stress on suspecting or discovering she is pregnant. Pupils should be asked whether they can tell their parent/s and whether they want help in doing so. It is always best for the girl to be encouraged to tell her parents herself, if necessary with support from a trusted teacher or adult e.g. school nurse.

At this stage staff should be aware of the need for absolute confidentiality in relation to this issue and must ensure that information remains confidential to the Headteacher and the adult in school to whom the young person disclosed their pregnancy.

- **Termination**

Half of teenage pregnancies will end in termination. Schools may only suspect or hear about this through other sources e.g. from other pupils. Sensitivity to any suspected trauma is important and in cases where pupils are presenting emotional distress the school should consider, in consultation with the young person, referrals to appropriate counselling agencies e.g.

Child & Family Counsellors, 14-21, GP services and, Young Peoples Family Planning Clinic in Newbury - 01635 273427

The Young People’s Family Planning Clinic in Newbury is open every **Monday 5.00pm – 7.30pm and Thursday 4.00pm – 6.30pm** and will provide a young pregnant woman with support, information, advice and pre and post counselling free of charge on the options and choices available to her:

- (a) If she chooses to continue with her pregnancy.
- (b) If she chooses to terminate her pregnancy.

Newbury Sexual Health Clinic - 01635 273427

The Newbury Sexual Health Clinic is open every **Saturday 9.00-12.30pm** and will provide advice about sexual health and treatment for sexual health problems as well as contraceptive advice.

- **The Emergency Hormonal Contraception Scheme available at Pharmacies across West Berkshire.**

EHC can be sold to females over the age of 16 from community pharmacies. However each pack costs £24 and therefore may be too expensive for younger girls to purchase. Numerous PCTs in England now offer EHC free of charge to teenaged girls via a Patient Group Direction (PGD) from Community Pharmacies.

In response to the national aim to reduce teenage pregnancies, Newbury and Community PCT agreed to develop a Community Pharmacy EHC Scheme.

On 1st December 2003, a scheme was launched whereby girls aged 13 to 19 can obtain emergency contraception free of charge from local pharmacies via a Patient Group Direction. Newbury and Community Primary Care Trust developed a Patient Group Direction (PGD) to enable trained pharmacists to supply Emergency Hormonal Contraception (Levonelle 2) to teenagers free of charge under a strict protocol. (For a list of Pharmacists trained to offer the service please refer to the back of the protocol.)

- **Inclusion of the Pregnant Schoolgirl.**

Pregnant schoolgirls do have a right to remain in school for as long as they feel able to do so and schools have a duty to support them in this choice. Pregnancy is not an illness, nor is it infectious! The school's aim should be to keep the pregnant pupil or school age mother in learning. Circular **10/99** makes clear that pregnancy is not a reason for exclusion from school. "Health and Safety should not be used as a reason to prevent a pregnant pupil attending School." (**DfES**). Understandably schools are anxious about the

impact of an obviously pregnant girl in school. In fact, from discussion with young people, it appears that watching the reality of another girl's pregnancy unfold and all it entails can be a salutary experience for other pupils, which may lead to useful reflection and can open up discussions through **SRE**.

Each individual case will be unique depending upon its context. Evidence has shown that the best possible educational option is for the young person to remain in school for as long as possible in familiar supportive surroundings with their friendship group and teachers they know. This is particularly important for girls already part way through their GCSE Curriculum. In several schools, girls have remained in school until full term in order to successfully complete their education. This has been a positive experience for both pupils and their schools.

Therefore schools need to actively encourage the pregnant teenager to continue with her education by providing her with support and various choices available to her such as, "The Care To Learn?" scheme or continuous support through the Specialist Connexions Personal Advisor.

The Education Welfare Officer for the school should always be kept informed about pregnant schoolgirls and may be able to liaise with the young woman's community midwife.

- **Care of the Pregnant Schoolgirl**

"In cases where a pupil has decided to continue with her pregnancy, the Headteacher will need to be informed so that arrangements can be made for her continuing education. The Headteacher could nominate a member of pastoral staff to talk to the young woman and take responsibility for her." **(DfES)**.

Schools often worry about Health & Safety issues in relation to a pregnant girl moving around a busy school site. In a healthy pregnancy this is not an issue of concern and the young person is at no more risk in school than in any other

busy environment. Girls need the same care and protection as any pregnant member of staff who would remain in school until the appropriate time for maternity leave.

Some pregnant girls are anxious about weight gain and may diet or eat less healthily than is appropriate. Staff should try to ensure that during the school day a pupil is encouraged to eat a well-balanced lunch. Parents may need to be involved in helping achieve this. Girls may also pride themselves on not showing any visible signs of pregnancy. Staff should be careful not to be drawn in to this attitude, and may need to help and encourage a young person to feel more positive and accepting of their changing body shape. As a young person's pregnancy progresses, some flexibility will be required in relation to school uniform.

When a girl is unable to attend school due to ill health during pregnancy, Home Education Service can be requested if medical information is provided by a doctor.

The school should contact the **LEA** Lead Officer with a responsibility for supporting the education of pregnant schoolgirls (**Karen Pottinger 01635 519785**) in order to access advice or to set up provision. Even if the school feels able to manage the pupil throughout her pregnancy, they should inform the Lead Officer at the **LEA** as soon as possible. Issues such as extra funding to support the pupil and childcare opportunities for the future will need to be explored.

Connexions Partnerships also have a role to play in helping schools to develop an integrated support package for those teenagers who continue with their pregnancies. In the first instance, school staff should contact either the Connexions Service on **0845 408 5010** or their own individual school Personal Advisor. Any referral to a specialist Personal Advisor would then be via the core service.

In West Berkshire, we have a Welfare Benefits Advisor specifically for Children and Young People. For information on additional benefits or advice on welfare rights of the pregnant teenager or teenage parent, please contact:

Simone Poole on 01635 519826

- **School Age Fathers**

“Schools should acknowledge the additional needs that school age fathers and fathers-to-be may have, and the Headteacher should nominate a member of pastoral staff to take responsibility for that pupil’s needs. The school may consider it necessary to help a boy to have access to a counsellor in some circumstances.” (DfES).

In some cases the father of the baby may attend the same school. This may cause difficulties where the boy feels unable to take responsibility for his part in parenting or the relationship is not ongoing. Whilst the school has a duty to continue to educate both parents, a degree of creativity may be needed regarding timetabling. This can be a challenge for school staff, but can have positive educational outcomes if approached sensitively.

Policies, practices and staff attitudes should be non-judgemental and supportive of young people’s choices.

Young Men need to be supported at a time when the pregnant girl has made the decision to terminate the pregnancy. This could have a negative affect on the young man and therefore appropriate support and counselling would need to be offered. Please contact: **14-21 Youth Counselling Services on 01635 581421 or Relateen on 0118 9876100**

Where school age fathers wish to be involved and want to maintain the relationship with the girl it is important that they are supported in this. They should be encouraged to participate in antenatal and postnatal appointments, and to attend the birth of their child. Bonding with the baby is vital in the early stage and the school’s attitude may be a significant factor in the future viability

of the relationship. Even if the relationship with the mother flounders in the future, it must be remembered that the young man will always remain the father of that child, and may retain parental responsibilities.

It is the expectation of the **DfES** that the Connexions Partnership, previously mentioned (page 7), also has a role in supporting teenage fathers. “The level of this involvement will depend on the needs of the individual”. (**DfES**).

- **Support for the Parents of Teenage Parents**

Schools may need to be aware that some parents of pupils find themselves taking over the parental role once the baby arrives. This is not necessarily the best way forward. Grandparents may need support, to help foster good parenting skills in the young parents, in order that appropriate attachments and bonding occurs. If the school is anxious about this issue, a referral to a counselling service e.g. Child and Family Counsellor may help a family work through this period to clarify individual roles and responsibilities. For more information please contact **Newbury Family Counselling Service on 01635 521296 or Relateen Berkshire on 0118 9876100**. Also, contacting Young Parents Groups could provide the young parent with a positive and supportive place where they are able to meet with other Young Parents in similar situations. Details of these groups can be found at the back of this document under Contact Numbers.

- **Disapplication and Absences.**

Some pregnant girls experience tiredness and a full curriculum may be inappropriate. It is possible and very straightforward to disapply a girl from elements of the curriculum in order to provide a manageable programme e.g. allowing her to be successful in her core subjects and to allow time for antenatal and healthcare appointments. All qualifications open doors for young parents who can then go on to reach their full personal potential whilst also being in a position to successfully financially provide for their child. Absence for antenatal classes should be classified as “**authorised**”.

For advice please refer to the **QCA publication, Flexibility in the National Curriculum / DfES** guidelines on **Disapplication** or telephone the **Lead Officer for Education of Pregnant Schoolgirls (Karen Pottinger 01635 519785)**.

- **Returning to Education after the Birth.**

All pupils are legally entitled to return to school after the birth of their baby. They should not be removed from the school roll. Where the pupil decides to keep the baby she will need considerable support and sympathetic handling from the school, particularly in relation to being released from lessons e.g. for clinic appointments or when the baby is unwell. It would be helpful for a designated member of pastoral staff or the Education Welfare Officer to liaise with the health visitor assigned to care for the young mother and child, in order to identify at an early stage any difficulties or anxieties the young woman is experiencing which could limit her learning.

- **Child Care**

From August 2004, all teenage parents under the age of 19 have been able to access funding for childcare, to enable them to return to learning, through the **“Care to Learn?”** Scheme

This is a government funded scheme managed by Manchester Local Authority. All forms and requests for information are sent to Manchester. Advice in West Berkshire is available from schools, colleges, Connexions, Education Welfare Officers, Teenage Pregnancy Advisers, the Early Years and Childcare Team, Midwives and Health Visitors.

- ❖ All young parents, caring for their own child, are able to access the funding, it is not means tested.
- ❖ If both parents are caring for their child, they may make individual applications for funding.
- ❖ There is provision for up to £5,000 per child (not per parent) to cover childcare and travel costs.
- ❖ All childcare must be registered.
- ❖ Once paperwork is received a decision will be made within 5 days.
- ❖ A booklet is available from the Health Centre, school, college, Connexions, Teenage Pregnancy Team, Education Welfare Officers or the Early Years and Childcare Team.
- ❖ Funding will continue for the duration of a course provided that it was started prior to the young parent's 20th birthday.

The process

- ❖ The young parent registers by completing the form in the “Care To Learn?” Booklet.
- ❖ A URN (Unique reference number will be allocated).
- ❖ Forms may be downloaded from the internet www.dfes.gov.uk/caretolearn
- ❖ Some sections are completed by the young parent.
- ❖ Other sections are completed by the tutor at school or college, giving details of the course.
- ❖ Section G is completed by the childcarer. The West Berkshire Early Years and Childcare Team has set up a childcare brokerage to support young parents in finding the childcare that suits their needs.
- ❖ Completed forms are sent to Manchester.
- ❖ Payments for childcare go directly to the childcarer, travel costs are given to the school/ college to provide travel cards. No money is paid directly to the young parent.

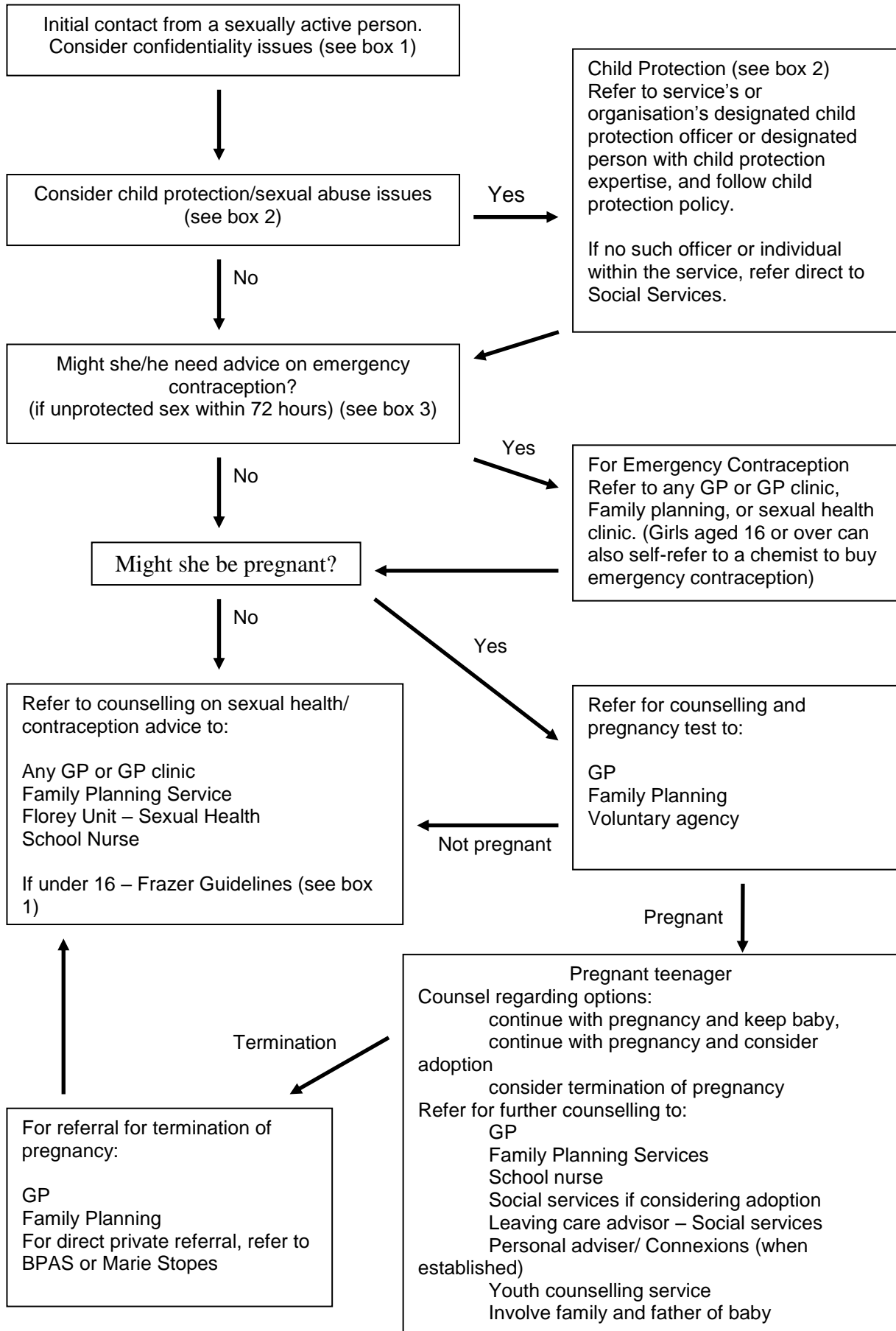
Other information

- ❖ The school/college will send monthly returns to Manchester to show that the young parent is attending the course/using the childcare.
- ❖ If a young parent fails to turn up for the course, without obvious reason, time will be allowed for working with the young parent to encourage their return to the course.

Janet Scott, Early Years and Childcare Manager, West Berkshire Council, (01635 519063) is the officer responsible for liaising with Manchester.

- ❖ If the young parent decides to leave the course the childcarer will receive payment for one further month, allowing time to fill the vacancy.

Pathways to Sexual Health Services
A quick reference guide for professionals working with young people





Pregnant teenager – Continuing with pregnancy

Antenatal and health care:
GP
Midwife/Obstetrician
School nurse

Support, child protection issues, involvement with father and family, consideration of adoption:
Social services

Continuing education:
Consult with LEA Officer for pregnant schoolgirls
Interagency planning meeting arranged by school/LEA/Social services
Continue school/EOS(Home and Hospital)/college/careers

Other support/counselling
 Voluntary agencies (e.g. YWEB)
 Youth counselling (e.g. ARC/BEST/Child and Family Counsellors)
 Benefits agency

Housing advice/provision
Housing department
Welfare rights organisation



Teenage parent

Baby to be adopted



Adoption/fostering
Social services



Keeping the baby

Continuing Education

Interagency planning meeting arranged by school or EOS Team.

School/FE college
 EOS/Pupil Referral Unit
 Home and Hospital Tuition
 Education Welfare service
 Personal advisor/Connexions (when established)
 Careers guidance
 Consider childcare needs
 - Children's information Bureau
 Young Mothers Education Group (Y & C)

Support for mother and baby

Health
 Midwife and Health visitor
 GP
 Community Paediatrician if appropriate
 School nurse
 Sexual health/contraception advice (see box above)

Social/emotional support
 Involve family as appropriate
 Involve father of baby as appropriate
 Social services -
 Any of the following teams could be involved:
Adoption/fostering team
Family support team
Disabled childrens team
Looked after childrens team
Leaving care team
Adolescent resource team

Family centres
 Youth and community service
 Youth counselling service
 Personal advisor/Connexions(when established)
 Homestart
 Sure Start
 Parenting group/young mums group

Housing
 Housing department

Other agencies as appropriate
 Youth Offending Team
 Neutral Zone

Benefits and Rights

Benefit office
 Citizens Advice
 Youth counselling service
 YES for Reading
 Housing department
 Careers advice
 Social services
 Welfare Rights
 REAP Resettlement Agency

Box 1 – Confidentiality

Health professionals

The Frazer guidelines provide legal guidance for doctors; they represent good practice for other health professionals working in a one-to-one situation.

Advice or contraceptive treatment may be given to a person under 16 without parental consent providing the professional is satisfied that:

- The young person will understand the advice
- The young person cannot be persuaded to tell their parents, or allow the professional to inform them that they are seeking contraceptive advice;
- The young person is likely to begin or continue having unprotected sex with or without contraceptive treatment;
- The young person's physical or mental health are likely to suffer unless he or she receives contraceptive advice or treatment;
- It is in the young person's best interests to give contraceptive advice or treatment.

Health professionals in a classroom situation

- If a disclosure is made in a classroom situation, the school's confidentiality policy applies
- The health professional should encourage the young person to discuss the situation with their parents.

Teachers

- The school's confidentiality policy applies. If sexual abuse is suspected, teachers should follow the school child protection procedures
- Teachers cannot offer or guarantee pupils unconditional confidentiality
- Teachers are not legally bound to inform parents unless the head teacher has specifically requested them to do so. Teachers should refer to the Schools Confidentiality Policy for guidance on expectations in their school.

Reference: Guidance on Sex and Relationships Education; DfEE, 2000

The guidance also states:

Schools should have a clear and explicit confidentiality policy which is advertised to pupils, staff, parents and visitors.

Box 2 – Child Protection

Child protection issues may arise if a young person may need protection in their own best interests, for example to protect them from sexual or other abuse.

Most services or organisations will have a child protection policy and a named child protection officer. Professionals should raise concerns with this officer and/or their senior manager, and the child protection policy should be followed. Usually this will entail referral to Social Services.

If there is no individual in the service or organisation with whom such concerns can be discussed, the professional should refer directly to Social Services.

School child protection policies should follow LEA guidelines. Action taken by school staff should always be to secure the child's best interests.

Box 3 – Emergency Contraception

Emergency hormonal contraception can be taken up to 72 hours (3 days) after unprotected intercourse. It is more effective the earlier it is taken. It consists of two doses of tablets taken 12 hours apart.

It is available on prescription from GP's, family planning and sexual health services, and A&E.

It may be prescribed for girls aged under 16 under the Frazer guidelines (see box 1).

It can be bought from a chemist without prescription by girls aged 16 and over (cost about £20).

A coil can also be fitted as emergency contraception up to 5 days after unprotected intercourse.

Contact Numbers for Young People Services in West Berkshire

Newbury Family Planning Clinic (Thatcham)	01635 273427
Newbury Sexual Health Clinic	01635 273427
Florey Unit Sexual Health Advisor	0118 987 7202
Specialist Midwife for Young People – Fiona Morris	01635 273386
Specialist Health Visitor for Young People – Ann Cox	01635 295444
Community School Nurses	01635 273384
Youth Offending Team Manager	01635 264800
Social Services	01635 519716
- Family Support Team	
- Fostering and Adoption Team	
- Disabled Children’s Team	
- Looked after Children’s Team	
- Accommodation and After care Team	
Youth and Community Teams -	
Downlands Team	01488 683692
Newbury Team	01635 683692
Thatcham Team	01635 871558
Eastern Team	0118 930 2980
14-21 Youth Counselling Service	01635 581421
The Edge (drugs services for under 18’s)	01635 582002
Connexions	0845 408 5010
CAB (Citizens Advice Bureau)	01635 552050
Newbury Benefits Agency	01635 519258
Welfare Benefits & Advice for Young People –	
Simone Poole	01635 519826
Homestart	01635 528202
LEA School Improvement Advisor	01635 519043
Education Welfare Service – Principal Officer	01635 519785
Newbury College	01635 845264
Housing Operations Manager	01635 519364
Parenting Co-ordinator	01635 44981
Care to Learn Contact	01635 519063
Relateen	0118 9876100
Newbury Family Counselling Service	01635 521296

Contact Numbers for Services in Reading

Family Planning Clinic (7 Craven Road)	0118 986 4621
Florey Unit Sexual Health Advisor	0118 987 7202
Group Practice Midwife	0118 987 7311
Health Visitors – Nurse Facilitator	0118 987 7216
Community School Nurse Service	0118 9878317
Sexual Health Promotion (West Berkshire) – Team Manager	0118 982 2941
BPAS (British Pregnancy Advisory Service)	0845 730 4030
Youth Offending Team Manager	0118 939 0420
Social Services Main Switchboard	0118 939 0900
- Family Support Team	
- Fostering and Adoption Team	
- Disabled Children’s Team	
- Looked after Children’s Team	
Leaving Care Team	0118 901 5330
- Adolescent and Family Resource Team	0118 901 5324
- Family Support Centre	0118 939 5320
Youth and Community Training and Development Manager	0118 939 0250
Youth Counselling Service (No 5)	0118 901 5668
YES (Youth Enquiry and Support)	0118 955 3733
Connexions	0118 987 0040
Neutral Zone (Thames House) – Director of Service	0118 939 1452
CAB (Citizens Advice Bureau)	0118 959 8059
Children’s Information Centre	0118 950 9499
Benefits Agency	0118 952 4400
Community Welfare Rights	0118 950 5296
LEA PSHE Advisor (Secondary Schools)	0118 901 5696
Education Welfare Service (Principal EWO)	0118 901 5870
ECOS – Headteacher	0118 901 5890
Pupil Referral Unit (Highways) – Headteacher	0118 941 1720
Reading College	0118 967 5000
Sure Start Manager	0118 901 5780
Homestart	0118 942 9518
Young Women Expecting Babies (YWEB)	0118 954 7661

Newbury and Community

Primary Care Trust

EMERGENCY HORMONAL CONTRACEPTION (EHC) PHARMACY SCHEME

FROM AUGUST 2004 THE FOLLOWING PHARMACIES WILL BE ABLE TO PROVIDE EHC TO GIRLS AGED 13 TO 19 YEARS, FREE OF CHARGE.

Please be aware that the individual Pharmacist is accredited to provide the service, not the pharmacy. Therefore there may be occasions, if the accredited Pharmacist is not present, that the service cannot be offered. If this is the case, the pharmacy staff will refer the girl on to another pharmacy or GP practice.

NAME OF PHARMACY	ADDRESS	TELEPHONE NUMBER	WEEKDAY OPENING HOURS	WEEKEND OPENING HOURS
Boots the Chemist, Newbury	4-5, Northbrook Street, Newbury	01635 40396	Monday to Friday 8.45am to 5.30pm	Sat 8.45 am to 5.30pm
J Sainsbury's In-store Pharmacy	Kings Road, off Winchcombe Road, Newbury	01635 41393	Monday to Friday 8.00am to 9.00pm	Sat 8.00am to 9.00pm Sun 10.00am to 4.00pm
Lloyds Pharmacy, Kings Centre Thatcham	14, Kings Centre, The Broadway, Thatcham	01635 869244	Monday to Friday 9.00am to 6.00pm	Sat 9.00am to 5.00pm
Lloyds Pharmacy, Crown Mead, Thatcham	5, Crown Mead, Bath Road, Thatcham	01635 863334	Monday to Friday 9.00am to 6.00pm	Sat 9.00am to 5.30pm
The Broadway Pharmacy, Lambourn	The Broadway, Lambourn	01488 682860	Monday to Friday 9.00am to 6.00pm	Sat 9.00am to 1.00pm
Downland Pharmacy, Chieveley	East lane, Chieveley	01635 248485	Monday to Friday 9.00am to 5.30pm	Closed
Boots the Chemist, Hungerford	125, High Street, Hungerford	01488 682860	Monday to Friday 9.00am to 6.00pm	Sat 9.00am to 5.00pm
Wash Common Pharmacy	Monks Lane, Wash Common	01635 35033	Monday to Friday 9.00am to 6.00pm	Sat 9.00am to 6.00pm
Moss Pharmacy, Newbury	82, Bartholomew Street, Newbury	01635 36193	Monday to Friday 8.30am to 6.00pm	Sat 8.30am to 1.00pm
Superdrug Pharmacy, Newbury	81-82, Northbrook Street, Newbury	01635 40950	Monday to Friday 8.30am to 5.30pm	Sat 8.30am to 5.30pm
Boots the Chemist, Thatcham Health Centre	Bath Road, Thatcham	01635 864423	Monday to Friday 8.30am to 6.00pm	Sat 8.30am to 12 noon

ALL GP PRACTICES IN THE NEWBURY AND COMMUNITY PCT ARE ABLE TO PRESCRIBE EHC

NAME OF GP PRACTICE	ADDRESS	TELEPHONE NUMBER
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NEWBURY

Falkland Surgery	Monks Lane, Newbury	01635 279972
St Mary's Road Surgery	St Mary's Road, Newbury	01635 31444
Eastfield House Surgery	6, St Johns Road, Newbury	01635 41495
Northcroft Surgery	Northcroft Lane, Newbury	01635 31575

THATCHAM

Thatcham Health Centre	Bath Road, Thatcham	01635 867171
Burdwood Surgery	Wheeler's Green Way, Thatcham	01635 868006

CHIEVELEY

Downland Practice	Chieveley Surgery, East lane Chieveley	01635 248251
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HUNGERFORD

Hungerford Surgery	The Croft, Hungerford	01488 682507
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LAMBOURN

Lambourn Surgery	Bockhampton Road, Lambourn	01488 71715
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CHAPEL ROW

Chapel Row Surgery	The Avenue, Bucklebury	0118 971 3252
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KINTBURY AND WOOLTON HILL

Kintbury and Woolton Hill Practice	Kintbury Surgery - Newbury Street, Kintbury Woolton Hill Surgery – Trade Lane, Woolton Hill	Kintbury - 01488 658294 Woolton Hill – 01635 253324
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